

Behaviour Policy



We Learn, Grow, Shine in the Light of Jesus

Start Date:	Review Date:	Updated:
January 2023	June 2024	November 2023

Introduction

We believe that every member of our school community should feel valued, respected and treated as an individual, in act in accordance with our school mission statement which states:

"I will show you my faith by my actions." James 2:18

Our expectation is that the children and adults of St Leonard's will display exceptional standards of behaviour and treat other people as they would wish to be treated themselves, in accordance with school rules.

Our school behaviour policy is designed to support the way in which all members of our school community can live and work together. It aims to promote an environment which helps children develop into confident, well-motivated and hardworking pupils who enjoy school and have a high self-esteem, and who go on to achieve their full potential. We endeavour to achieve this in many ways, but the most important include:

- being genuinely interested and concerned for all the children and staff in our school;
- recognising and praising the many positive qualities our children can show;
- holding the belief that a child's self-image, can change in a positive way through seeing and feeling their successes;
- always being willing to take the time to help the children feel better about themselves and to listen seriously to any of their concerns.

Outstanding behaviour makes highly effective teaching and learning possible. Our academic and social standards cannot be maintained if they are impeded by inappropriate behaviour. We must have a consistent approach to behaviour throughout the school with parental cooperation and support.

Through the implementation of this policy we aim to help children grow in a safe and secure environment, and become positive, responsible and increasingly independent members of our school community; in order that they *Learn, Grow and Shine in the Light of Jesus*.

Rewards and sanctions (See Appendix 1: Behaviour Management Procedures section)

We reward good behaviour as we believe that this will develop an ethos of kindness and cooperation. Our approach is designed to promote good behaviour, rather than merely deter anti-social behaviour. We praise and reward children for good behaviour in a variety of ways.

- Positive verbal feedback
- Class rewards
- Reporting good behaviour/good deeds to parents through Positive Notes Home and/or Positive Telephone Call Visible Consistencies
- Public acknowledgement for improved behaviour, exceptional effort etc., through the Celebration Assemblies and Pupils of the Week
- Use of stickers
- Having responsibilities either in the class or in the school in general

- Having work displayed in the classroom and around the school in a stimulating, attractive and tidy environment.
- Presenting work to the class or showing to other teachers/classes (when appropriate)
- Green postcard home
- Bronze, Silver, Gold and Platinum certificates.

We expect children to listen carefully to instructions in lessons. If they do not do so, we may ask them to move to a place nearer the teacher, or to sit on their own or away from certain groups of children for a set period of time.

We expect children to try their best. If they do not do so, we may ask them to redo a task.

We believe it is important to involve parents as soon as possible when monitoring a child's behaviour. This may involve setting good behaviour charts, or setting behavioural targets to enable good communication between home and school.

An emphasis on positive achievements provides a platform from which further success can be made. A record of events and meetings are kept up to date in our behaviour monitoring system (CPOMS). Where behaviour continues to prove to be a 'stumbling block', the class teacher may liaise with the Special Educational Needs Coordinator and targets set as part of an individual education plan in line with the Special Needs Code of Practice.

Children are actively encouraged to talk to an adult, such as their class teacher about being treated unfairly by other children. The school does not tolerate bullying of any kind. If we discover that an act of bullying or intimidation has taken place, we act immediately to stop any further occurrences of such behaviour.

While it is very difficult to eradicate bullying, we do everything in our power to ensure that all children attend school free from fear. Our anti-bullying policy outlines our approach. The school employs a number of sanctions to enforce our school rules, and to ensure a safe and positive learning environment. We use each sanction appropriately to each individual situation.

We expect every child to be in school every day. Attendance is extremely important and will be closely monitored. We will aim to reward good attendance through daily monitoring and will challenge absence that is considered unacceptable (see attendance policy for more details). To ensure children understand the importance of attending school, half termly certificates will be given to every child with 100% attendance for that half term and the child will be entered into a 'fun end of year draw' – the more half terms with 100% attendance, the more entries into the draw.

Break times

We aim to make our playground a stimulating area as this provides opportunities for creative play and lessens the likelihood of children becoming bored.

At lunchtime we have a clear set of guidelines that the children have helped to put together which are consistent with our approach to promoting good behaviour. Dedicated staff, along with all staff in their lunchtime role, are responsible for developing and playing games with the children in order to promote a playful atmosphere for both KS1 & KS2.

The role of the class teacher

It is the responsibility of the class teacher to ensure that the school rules and guidelines are adhered to in their class, and that their class behaves in a responsible manner during lesson time. Each class has its own 'in-class' reward system for immediate or weekly rewards that is designed and matched the age and ability of the children. This in class system supports, but does not replace, the Behaviour Management Procedures outlined in appendix 1.

The class teacher treats each child fairly and enforces the classroom rules consistently. The teacher treats all children in their class with respect and understanding.

If a child misbehaves repeatedly, the teacher keeps a record of all such incidents on CPOMS. In the first instance, the class teacher deals with incidents. However, if misbehaviour continues, the class teacher seeks help and advice from the Head Teacher and involves the parents of the child.

The class teacher liaises with the Special Educational Needs Coordinator as well as external agencies when appropriate, as necessary, to support and guide the progress of each child.

The class teacher reports to parents at termly parent's evenings about general progress and behaviour of each child in their class. The class teacher may also contact a parent if there are more immediate concerns about the behaviour or welfare of a child.

Teaching assistants

Our teaching assistants are valuable members of staff who are normally class based to ensure pupils can access work at their level. They help to ensure that our behaviour policy is consistently applied.

The role of the Head Teacher

It is the responsibility of the Head Teacher to implement the school behaviour policy consistently throughout the school and to report to governors, when requested, on the effectiveness of the policy. It is also the responsibility of the Head Teacher to ensure the health, safety and welfare of all children in the school. The Head Teacher supports the staff by implementing the policy, by setting the standards of behaviour and by supporting staff in the implementation of the policy.

The Head Teacher has the responsibility for giving fixed-term suspensions to individual children for serious acts of misbehaviour. For repeated or very serious acts of antisocial behaviour the Head Teacher may permanently exclude a child. Both these actions are only taken after the school governors have been notified.

The role of parents

We expect parents to support their child's learning, and to cooperate with the school, as set out in the home-school agreement. We try to build a supportive dialogue between the home and the school and we inform parents immediately if we have concerns about their child's welfare or behaviour. The school works collaboratively with parents so that children receive consistent messages about how to behave at home and at school. We have an open-door policy and actively encourage parents to come into school to clarify any issues. We also send out questionnaires to parents to get their views on a variety of subjects.

We explain the school rules annually and we expect parents to read these and support them.

If the school has to use reasonable sanctions to punish a child, parents should support the actions of the school. If parents have any concern about the way that their child has been treated they should initially contact the class teacher. If the concern remains, they should contact the Head Teacher. If these discussions cannot resolve the problem a formal grievance or appeal process can be implemented to the School Governors in accordance with our complaints policy.

The role of governors

The governors have the responsibility of setting down these general guidelines on standards of discipline and behaviour, and of reviewing their effectiveness. The governors support the Head Teacher in carrying out these guidelines.

The Head Teacher has the day-to-day authority to implement the school behaviour and discipline policy, but governors may give advice to the Head Teacher about particular disciplinary issues. The Head Teacher must take this into account when making decisions about matters of behaviour.

Suspensions and permanent exclusions

Only the Head Teacher (or the acting Head Teacher) has the power to exclude a pupil from school. The Head Teacher may suspend a pupil for one or more fixed periods up to the statutory amount of 45 days per academic year. The Head Teacher may also exclude a pupil permanently. It is also possible for the Head Teacher to convert a suspension into a permanent exclusion, if the circumstances warrant this.

If the Head Teacher suspends or excludes a pupil, we inform the parents immediately, giving reasons for the suspension or exclusion. At the same time, the Head Teacher makes it clear to the parents that they can, if they wish, appeal against the decision to the relevant governing committee. The school informs the parents how to make any such appeal.

In the case of a suspension, this can be external and internal to school. Where an internal suspension is deemed appropriate, the child will be accompanied by an adult at all times whilst in school and should be brought and collected from the main office by a parent/carer.

The Head Teacher informs Bishop Chadwick Catholic Education Trust (BCCET), the Local Authority (LA) and the governing body about any permanent exclusion, and about any suspensions beyond five days in any one term.

The governing body itself cannot either exclude a pupil or extend the exclusion period made by the Head Teacher.

The governing body has a discipline committee. This committee considers any exclusion

appeals on behalf of the governors.

When an appeal panel meets to consider exclusions, they consider the circumstances in which the pupil was excluded, consider any representation by parents and the LA, and consider whether the pupil should be reinstated.

If the governors' appeals panel decides that a pupil should be reinstated, the Head teacher must comply with this ruling.

When a pupil returns to school, following a suspension, they must do so accompanied by a parent/carer and engage in a reintegration meeting with a member of the Senior Leader Team. This must take place in all cases before the pupil is allowed to re-join normal classroom activities.

Where it is believed that a move to an alternative provision may be needed to improve the behaviour of a pupil, then off-site direction or a managed move may be initiated (see DfE guidance for further details).

Use of reasonable force

At St Leonard's, we follow the advice given in the following guidance:

DFE Use of reasonable force advice for headteachers, staff and governing bodies July 2013

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachme nt_data/file/444051/Use_of_reasonable_force_advice_Reviewed_July_2015.pdf

Physical restraint

Staff at St Leonard's follow the most up to date guidance in the event of having to use reasonable force to restrain a child. (All members of staff trained in Positive Handling restraint techniques to ensure pupils and staff are safe at all times.)

DFE Use of reasonable force advice for headteachers, staff and governing bodies July 2013

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachme nt_data/file/444051/Use_of_reasonable_force_advice_Reviewed_July_2015.pdf

Power to search pupils

The Headteacher and Governing Body follow the most up to date Government advice on searching pupils: DFE Searching, screening and confiscation Advice for headteachers, school staff and governing bodies January 2022.

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachme nt_data/file/1091132/Searching__Screening_and_Confiscation_guidance_July_2022.pdf

Monitoring

The Head Teacher monitors the effectiveness of this policy on a constant basis. They also report to the governing body on the effectiveness of the policy and, if necessary, make recommendations for further improvements.

The school keeps a variety of records of incidents of misbehaviour. The class teacher records classroom incidents on CPOMS (action taken is also recorded). The Head Teacher records

those incidents where a child is sent to him/her on account of bad behaviour. We also keep a record of any incidents that occur at break or lunchtimes: lunchtime supervisors give written details of any incident which is transferred to CPOMS by admin.

The Head Teacher keeps a record of any pupil who is suspended for a fixed-term, or who is permanently excluded. It is the responsibility of the governing body to monitor the rate of suspensions and exclusions, and to ensure that the school policy is administered fairly and consistently.

Review

The governing body reviews this policy annually. The governors may, however, review the policy earlier than this, if the government introduces new regulations, or if the governing body receives recommendations on how the policy might be improved.

Appendix 1: Behaviour Management System

Outstanding behaviour results in outstanding learning. Every child deserves the right to high quality teaching to enable them to achieve their potential. To achieve this, every class will follow the same rewards and sanctions procedure to ensure clarity and consistency for all.

Principle:

Virtually all children behave well; therefore, they will be rewarded each day. The minority of children who do not behave well will have sanctions.

REWARD PROCESS

We have a range of positive behaviour systems which operate simultaneously.

Good to be Green

- There will be a display in each classroom which outlines this system a three coloured behaviour display.
- How this is displayed is up to the class teacher.
- Every child begins each day in the Green zone (new day, new start!).

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Each child stays in this zone if they do everything that is expected of them. At the end of the day this is recorded on the class display by the 'pupil of the week'. At the end of each week, where a child has stayed in the **Green zone** all week, they will be sent a postcard home and be awarded one point. Once the child has received 10 points, they will receive a **Bronze** certificate, when they achieve 20 points they will receive a **Silver** Certificate, a **Gold** certificate for 30 points, equivalent to 30 weeks being in the **Green zone**, and a **Platinum** certificate when they have remained in the **Green zone** all year – achieving 36+ points.

GREEN TREAT - End of each half term

- Each class will have a record on display of where the children end each day for the half term. At the end of the day, the Pupil of the Week must colour each child's relevant box with the appropriate colour (if they are absent, they are left blank).
- At the end of the week, any child with 5 green boxes will receive a note home from the class teacher.
- At the end of each half term, classes or Year groups will have the opportunity to treat all children who have been in GREEN for the entirety to a fun activity on the Friday afternoon.
- Children who have been in AMBER on <u>more</u> than three occasions will miss part of their green treat, but will remain supervised by the class teacher. Should a child be placed

into AMBER on five occasions or more then the sanction will be in line with those children placed in the RED zone.

- Children who have been placed in RED during the half term on <u>more</u> than two occasions will miss the whole of the half termly green treat (unless they can show a significant improvement in their attitude and the SLT agree).
- List of children who will miss the green treat will be shared with SLT by the previous Wednesday



Children in Y2-Y6 (and in exceptional circumstances

children in Y1) who are to miss the treat will be sent to a central place within school to reflect on the reason(s) that they are missing this treat. Here the children will write the reason(s) and hand this to the member of staff who will supervise the children.

We will also celebrate pupil success using the following:

- Pupil of the Week
- Headteacher award
- Success achieved outside of school
- Sporting awards
- In class reward systems
- End of term house cups
- Happy Helpers (Lunchtime staff to ensure even spread of classes)
- Attendance letters home and half termly certificates
- 100 readers
- TTRS certificates
- Hot chocolate and cookies



Reception & Y6 will continue 'Buddy Time' as and when applicable.

SANCTION PROCESS

There is a tiny minority of children who display behaviour that is inappropriate (disrupting lessons, wasting time, spoiling other children's playtime and lack of respect). The following is to act as a deterrent.

STAGE 1 – Good to be Green Chart recordings

• Every child begins each day in the **Green zone** (new day, new start!). Each child stays in this zone if they do everything that is expected of them.

Warning		
1st	Verbal warning	
2nd	Move to amber	
3rd	Verbal warning	
4th	Move to <mark>red</mark>	

• Where a child displays inappropriate behaviour, they will receive a warning. A further example of misbehaviour means they will be moved to the Amber zone. Once a child has moved into this zone they can move out, and back to green, if their behaviour improves.

• A further warning can be given, but where behaviour doesn't improve, or for more serious inappropriate behaviour, a child will be moved into the **Red zone** where immediate sanctions will be put in place.

• They will miss their next breaktime (KS1) or lunchtime (KS1 & KS2) and be sent to detention with a detention note completed by

the class teacher/ member of staff who distributes the sanction. The note will indicate details of the unwanted behaviours and be recorded on CPOMS by the detention supervisor.

• The child will spend the whole of the detention period supervised and be given the opportunity to reflect upon their actions. During detention, children must complete a



Detention form which has questions relating to their behaviour and how to change this etc. Where the detention is over lunchtime, the child(ren) will go into lunch after the final class has gone in and then return to the detention supervision area once they have finished lunch they will be accompanied by a supervising adult at all times.

NB: This is <u>not</u> to be used for finishing work or missed homework. Finishing work is the responsibility of the class teacher and missing homework should be referred to homework club.

STAGE 2 – further sanctions

Where unwanted behaviours are identified on a more regular basis, additional sanctions will be utilised:

- <u>Detention</u> for a set number of days <u>above</u> the initial detention for entering the <u>Red</u> zone.
- <u>Blue monitoring report.</u> Where a child displays difficulties with emotional outbursts or organisational outburst, they will be placed on Blue Report to help them identify how to make good choices and be prepared, without the need to display undesirable behaviours. This will be implemented following a conversation with parents and as a support tool to help avoid a Behavioural Report, suspension or permanent exclusion.
- <u>Behaviour monitoring report</u>. A child will be placed upon report. If a child is placed upon report, a behaviour mentor will be appointed (this will not be the child's class teacher). The behaviour mentors will formally touch base with the class teachers/children on daily basis and SLT on a weekly basis. At this time the parents of the pupil will be informed of this decision and invited into school to meet with the behaviour mentor, class teacher and HT to discuss and help to improve their child's behaviour. A child will only come off report when it is agreed by <u>ALL PARTIES</u> that their behaviour has improved enough to warrant it. This is to be reviewed regularly.

A behaviour report will track a child's behaviour. If it does not improve, then one of the following can be imposed:

- A decision could be made by the SLT that the child will miss an activity they are motivated by i.e. if they have been selected for a sports team or school trip. The class teacher can recommend to the SLT that this action might be used.
- Internal suspension within another class. The child would be dropped off and collected at the school entrance.
- External suspensions work provided by the school to be completed during the period of up to 5 teaching days and, where longer, and alternative educational placement will be sought.

A suspension is used as a clear signal of what is unacceptable behaviour as part of the school's behaviour policy and shows a pupil that their current behaviour is putting them at risk of permanent exclusion.

• Permanent exclusion— work provided by the school to be completed during the period of up to 5 teaching days and, where longer, and alternative educational placement will be sought.

In virtually all cases, any of the above can take place if the child is on report however extreme behaviour could result in such sanctions being used without a child reaching the report stage.